

VOL. V-NO. 35.

NORFOLK, VA., FRIDAY, MAY 11, 1900.

THREE CENTS PER COPY.

LATEST NEWS OF THE WORLD BY TELEGRAPH AND CABLE.

THE BRITISH ARE ELATED.

They Expect To Be In Pretoria Within Next Two Months.

BOER WOMEN WANT TO FIGHT

State-Boers Were Preparing To Blow Authorities In Closely ScrutinizingConsignments For The Transvaal Liable To ers Continue To Fall Back.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.) London, May 11.-4:05 a. m.-Mempers of the House of Commons wer freely betting in the lobbies last evening that Lord Roberts would be in Pretoria in two months. The ministerialists are building confident hopes upon the comprehensive plans he has dictions are definitely made he will en-Kroonstad next Monday, and it is believed that his advance is probably already reconnoitering the vicinity of Ventersburg, where the hill country

Beyond Kroonstad is an intricate and Beyond Kroonstad is an intricate and difficult country, and if the Boers should elect to fight it is possible they could check progress of the British until Lord Roberts' numerous cavalry had had time to ride around their flank and threaten their rear.

From 15,000 to 20,000 is the highest estimate of the Boers under the personal command of General Botha, who is said to have forty-six guns. General Botha and General Dewet are reported to have quarried.

ROBERTS AFTER ROTHA

ROBERTS AFTER BOTHA.

Lord Roberts is pressing hard after this force with 35,000 men and 140 guns; and 20,000 more men are easily availa-

and 20,000 more men are easily available.

President Steyn, with 10,000 men, is reported to have been east of Thabanchu yesterday (Thursday) noon, and a battle was then imminent. The ndvance troops of General Rundle and General Brabant were being fired on.

According to advices from Durban, dated Thursday, General Buller's army is "showing activity," but a complete news embargo is imposed upon the correspondents with him.

Parties of Boers are still holding the mountains adjacent to Springfield. New Zealand scouls burned the homestead of a farmer named Greyling, in whose house arms were found, at Deering.

During a concert for the relief of the sufferers from the Begble works explosion, given Saturday at Pretoria, in the Galety Theatre, the doors were suddenly closed and every man in the audience was commandeered. All the horses were taken from the conveyances outside.

President Kruger has released the

President Kruger has released the Daily Mail correspondents, Messrs Hallowell and Hofmeyer,

Dally Mail correspondents, Messrs. Hallowell and Hofmeyer.

ROBERTS' NEW HEADQUARTERS.

London, May 10.—The crossing of the Zand river by the British appears to have been effected sooner than even the most sanguine expected, and this morning Lord Roberts' temporary headquarters is established in a cable cart on the north bank of the river. Though the opposition the Federals is offering shows that yesterday's report of the abandoning of their position were ill-founded. Lord Roberts' advance force, consisting of from 10,000 to 12,000 mounted men, besides infantry, artillery and the naval contingent, appears to be sufficiently powerful to overwhelm any opposition the burghers can offer. Even though, as reported yesterday, they have been reinforced by 8,000 men from other commands and possess a score of heavy guns, the experts believe the opposition will not be prolonged longer than is necessary to remove the guns and other impediments in the direction of Kroonstad.

Further reports from Lorenzo in the direction of Kroonstad

Further reports from Lorenzo Marques shows that the customs authorities there, in addition to clothing and shoes, refuse to clear corned beef for the Transvaal, holding it as contra-

BOERS EVACUATE ZAND RIVER.

Lord Roberts' announcement this evening of the flight of the Boers from the Zand river naturally caused considerable gratification at the War Office, where it is now believed that he will not allow the Federals enough breathing space to reform southward of Kroonstad. It is just possible that Lord Roberts' transport may be in such condition that he will be able to keep his troops moving so randily as to drive the Boers right through Kroonstad without giving them time to organize resistance in the formidable entrenhments so carefully prepared at the Valsch river. The fact that General French and the cavalry have been brought up to supplement General Hutten's mounted infantry leads to the hope in British official circles that the pursuit announced by Lord Roberts may prevent all the Boer guns and convey from escaping.

The action of the customs authorities at Lorenzo Marques in more closely scrutinizing consignments for the Transval is liable to be a serious matter for the Boers and indirectly for the British prisoners, who are likely to be the first to feel effects of any shortage of food stuffs.

London, May 10.—10:20 a. m.—It is officially announced that the British have crossed the Zand river, and that the Boers are being pushed back from their strong positions.

WOMEN WANT TO FIGHT. BOERS EVACUATE ZAND RIVER.

WOMEN WANT TO FIGHT.

The session is closed.

London, May 19.—The War Office has received from Lord Roberts a dispatch dated Zand River Camp, May 9, say-

27."
London, May 10—4:55 p. m.—The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:
"Cablecart, Zand river, May 10—12:30 p. m.—The enemy are in full retreat. They occupied a position twenty miles in length. Ours was necessarily longer. With the widely scattered forces it will take some time to learn the casualties, but I am hopeful we have not suffered much. The cavalry and horse artillery are pursuing the Boers by three different roads."

(By Restant o Virginian-Friot.)
Sioux Falls, S. D., May 10.—Temporary Chairman Beingdal rapped the National Poulists convention to order at element of the committee on Credentials presented its report which was adopted, declaring that there were no contesting delegations and recommending that the vote of Missouri be increased by two votes.

The committee on Permanent Organ-

with a body of women volunteers, to take up arms in defence of the independence of the Transyaal.

BOERS FALLING BACK.
London, May 10.—10:20 a. m.—Lord Roberts telegraphs to the War Office from Welgelegon, under date of May 9, evening, as follows:

"Pole-Carew's and Tucker's divisions, Hamilton's column of heavy naval and Royal artillery guns and four brigades of cavalry marched here to-day, The enemy hold the opposite bank of the Zand river. Their strength will be ascertained to-morrow, when I hope to be able to force a passage of the river.

Lord Roberts also reports to the War Office as follows:

"Cable Cart Headquarters, at the front, May 10.—9:10 a. m.—We are now across the Zand river. The enemy are still holding a strong position, but we are gradually pushing them back."

Pretoria, Wednesday, May 9.—The request of the Government for permission to sell mining rights for prices which should be approved by the Road by a vote of 12 to 9.

The session is closed.

The Platform Denounces Imperialism And Trusts—The Enactment of the Currency Law And Advocates Free Silver At 16 to 1—The Initiative And Reference day Mr. Lodge Will Press Consideration day Mr. Lodge Will Press Consideration of the Sover Bill Giving The Presi-

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.) Washington, May 10 .- The House to day, by a very narrow margin of two votes, unseated Mr. Crawford, of North Carolina, Democrat, and seated in his place Mr. Pearson, of North Carolina. who was a member of the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Congresses.

against Senator Pritchard when I defeated him in 1892."

While referring to Governor Russell's attack upon Mr. Pearson, Mr. Grosvenor, Ohlo, interrupted to ask if the Democrats of North Carolina had not threatened to impeach Governor Russell.

Democrats of North Carolina had not threatened to Impeach Governor Russell.

"That is an assault upon the Governor of my State, which I resent," replied Mr. Crawford.

"The logic of what I desire to know is this," continued Mr. Grevenor, "Was not Governor Russell's attack on Mr. Pearson made during the adjournment of the Legislature to conciliate the Democrats?"

"I object," retorted Mr. Crawford, "to the Republicans washing their dirty linen in my time."

In concluding, Mr. Crawford said, addressing the Republican side:

"I shall await your verdict conscious that you can do me no harm with the people whose commission I hold."

Mr. Linney (North Carolina) concluded the debate with a characteristic speech in favor of the claims of the contestant. In referring to Governor Russell's letter he characterized it "an ex parte statement of a mad governor."
"For he is mad," said Mr. Linney; "mad as a March hare. That he is a great man intellectually I admit, and that he is a good politician while working in the ranks I avow. But he cannot stand presperity. As soon as he is promoted he kicks out of the harness and plays the devil in general. He is afraid of his own shadow. He is in terror of the Democratic organization of the State and will do anything to keep suspended the sword of Damicles which hangs over his head."

Later Mr. Linney poduced some figures to show that it was the black districts which returned Democrats to Congress, not Republicans.

"Take Mr. Kitchin's district, for instance," said he. "I claim I come nearer representing the white man as he is My hands are smaller, my feet are smaller, my complexion is clearer than his."

At the conclusion of Mr. Linney's remarks the vote was taken upon the mi-

At the conclusion of Mr. Linney's remarks the vote was taken upon the minerity resolutions declaring Mr. Crawford, the sitting member, entitled to his seat.

North Carolina than he does. I claim I am as much of a white man as he is My hands are smaller, my feet as the smaller, my complexion is clearer than his."

At the conclusion of Mr. Linney's remarks the vote was taken upon the minority resolutions declaring Mr. Crawford, the sitting member, entitled to his stat.

THE ROLL CALL.

When the roll call was completed it showed a majority of one for the resolution. Intense interest was mainfested. Mr. Tawney, the Republican whip, stated that Mr. Fitzgerald, of Massachusetts, had voted, although he was paired with Mr. Loverins, of Massachusetts, had voted, although he was paired with Mr. Loverins, of Massachusetts. On account of the closeness of the vote the Speaker ordered a recapitulation of the roll call. At the end of the recapitulation Mr. Tompkins (Rep.), of New York, hurried in with his overcoat on his arm and offered to vote, but as he was not present when his name was called he could not vote under the rules. The Speaker ordered the tally clerks again to foot up the totals. An error was discovered that tied the vote—128 to 128. The vote was then taken upon the mijority resolution, declaring Mr. Pearson cleeted.

Mr. Jack, of Pennsylvania, was the only English and the armand of Mr. Jack, of Pennsylvania, was the could not vote was then taken upon the mijority resolution, declaring Mr. Pearson cleeted.

Mr. Jack, of Pennsylvania, was the office of Mr. Richard Ceeli Garlick, and the content of the recapitulation of the roll call. At the color of the resolution was, therefore, lost.

The vote was then taken upon the mijority resolution, declaring Mr. Pearson cleeted.

Mr. Jack, of Pennsylvania, was the color of the resolution of the roll call. At the color of

The vote was then taken upon the majority resolution, declaring Mr. Pearson elected.

Mr. Jack, of Pennsylvania, was the only Republican who voted with the Democrats on the first roll, but fifteen needed to the bride's grandfather, was a society event of the season. The residence was elaborately decorated.

The vote upon the adoption of the majority resolutions was 129 to 127. The amount ement was greeted with applause by the Republicans.

Aff. Pearson came forward to the bar of the House adopted a resolution reported by the Poreign Affairs Committee, requesting all the information in possession of the Treasury relating to the immigration of Japanese laborers during the last two years, probabilities of such immigration in the ensuing year, enforcement of contract laborism in such immigration and the punishment of those unlawfully contracting for Japanese laborers.

At 4:20 p. m. the House adjourned.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, May 10.—In the Senate

UCCRE—GARTRICK.

The marriage of Miss Mary Ely Lucke to Mr. Richard Cecil Garlick, which took place at 6 o'clock this after mon at the home of Mr. R. A. Lancas-ter, the bride's grandfather, was a society event of the season. The residence was elaborately decorated.

The creemony was performed by Rev. Dr. J. R. Garlick, the groom's father, and Rev. Dr. Jere Witherspoon. The little people who handled the ribbons were Misses Bersle Lee Lucke, Mary Garland Todd, Mary and Edmonla Lancaster, Masters Dabney Stewart Lancaster and William Armstrong The last two years, probabilities of such immigration and the punishment of those unlawfully contracting for Japanese

Washington, May 10.—In the Senate to-day the case involving the seat of Mr. Clark, of Montana, was postponed until next Tuesday. Mr. Chandler gave notice that at that time he would insidered to the exclusion of all other business.

over until to-morrow.

Several measures of minor importance were passed and Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, in accordance with a notice previously given, addressed the Senate at length on his resolution declaring that "the present phenomenal prosperity of the country is due to the policy of protection as embodied in the Dingley tariff law."

Mr. Hour offered a resolution for the

policy of protection as embodied in the Dingley tariff law."

Mr. Hear offered a resolution for immediate consideration, directing the committee on Foreign Relations to inquire whether American citizens are obliged to obtain passports or other license, or to pay any fees for permission to pass from the Hawalian Islands to the United States or from any part of the United States or from any part of the United States to the Hawalian Islands, or to make any payment of money to secure the privilege of landing in the islands and whether it is expedient that such relations be longer continued.

The resolution was referred to the Foreign Relations Committee.

CLARK'S SENATE SEAT

CLARK'S SENATE SEAT.

CLARK'S SENATE SEAT.

The resolution declaring Mr. Clark, of Montana, not to be entitled to his seat, was then laid before the Senate.

Mr. Chandler, chairmen of the Commitee on Elections, moved that the resolution be postponed until next Tuesday at 1 o'clock, when he will ask for centinuous consideration of the resolution to the exclusion of all other business except such as may be considered by unanimous consent. The motion to postpone was agreed to. postpone was agreed to.

Mr. Gallinger then spoke at length on

his resolution.

Mr. Lodge gave notice that next Monday he would press consideration of the

Continued on Page 6.

RICHMOND NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Suicide Of Dr. Sherrard R. Tabb In Savannah.

KING OF THE CARNIVAL.

Tabbs, Fleets And Rylands-MurderCase On Trial Lucke-Gartrick Nuptialsing of Tri-State Doutal Association-An ExcursionToOldPoint - OnkwoodMemorial Day-Oration By Attorney General

(Special to The Virginian, Pilot.) Richmond, Va., May 10.-The voting

for the King of the Carnival closed by public ballot at the Jefferson to-night. Henry Lee Valentine, well-known young business man, won, being 1,500 SUICIDE OF DR. TABB.

Information has been received of the suicide in Savannah, Georgia, of Dr. Sherrard R. Tabb, who was a member of one of 'Virginia's most prominent families. Dr. Tabb was in charge of the local marine hospital at Savannah, but disappeared mysteriously some days

The marriage of Miss Mary Ely Lucke to Mr. Richard Cecil Garlick,

JACKSON WARD FORGERIES.

Attorney-General Montague to-day handed an opinion to the Electoral Board in reference to their powers in the alleged Jackson Ward forgeries.

The Attorney-General said that, after giving the matter full consideration, he was of the opinion that the board had full authority to hear evidence to prove

Owing to the time consumed to-day by special orders, the naval appropriation bill was not brought up, Mr. Hale, for the comittee, consenting that it go over until to-morrow.

full authority to hear evidence to that the aleged candidates were rious candidates, and, if on hearing evidence, they should be of opinion the candidacy of these parties was rious, and not authorized by them

full authority to hear evidence to prove that the aleged candidates were spurious candidates, and, if on hearing that evidence, they should be of opinion that the candidacy of these parties was spurious, and not authorized by them, they should refuse to have their names prioted on the official ballots.

This opinion has not been acted upon by the board, who seem to be inclined to let the case go to the courts for a final test.

It is claimed that Attorney-General Scott several years ago delivered an opinion in a similar case, in which the name of a man was placed on the Congressional ticket. The name was a spurious one and an effort was made to have it left off the ticket. The Attorney-General declared that the Electoral Board had no right to act in the matter. The case at present is in statu quo. The board will probably meet to-morrow to determine what is to be done.

DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

DENTAL ASSOCIATION. The fourth meeting of the Tri-State

Continued on Page 6.

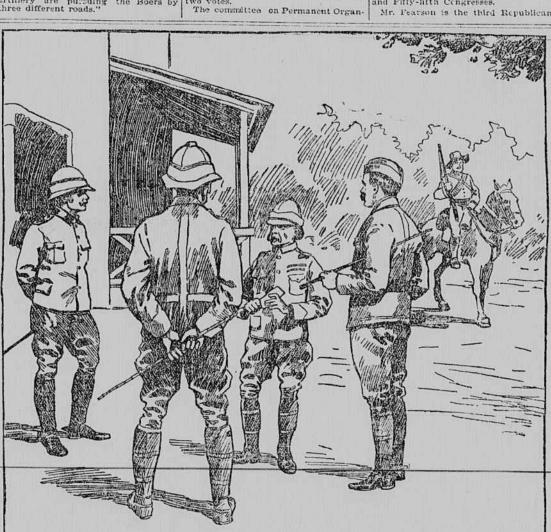
OTHER TELEGRAPH PAGE 6

CLASSIFICATION OF NEWS.

BY DEPARTMENTS.

Telegraph News—Page 1 6 and 11. Local News—Pages 2, 3 and 5. Editorial—Page 4. Virginia News—Page 8. North Carolina News—Page 7. Portsmouth News—Pages 10.

Borkley News-Page 11. Markets-Page 12. Shipping-Page 9. Real Estate-Page 12.



KITCHENER.

FIELD MARSHAL LORD ROBERTS GIVING DIRECTIONS TO HIS CHIEF OF STAFF, LORD KITCHENER.

This picture, which is taken from a sketch by the famous war artist. Frederic Villiers, shows "Little Bobs," the great English general, as he appears in the field directing the advance of his big army toward Pretoria. Lord Roberts is officially the biggest and physically the smallest man in the British army in South Africa. His force outnumbers the Boer army in front of him five to one.

London, May 11—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Welgelegen, dated Wednesday, says;
"The burghers held a meeting recently, without the consent of President Steyn, at which the advisability of submission on the part of the Free State was discussed and approved."

TO BLOW UP THE MINES.

Cape Town, May 10.—The Cape Argus publishes a report from Johannesburg, said to have been suppressed in the cross-examination of Acting Mining Engineer Munnick, that in the recent mysterious Dempsey case Munnick testified that preparations had been made to explode twenty-five mines, and that on the authority of State Secretary Reitz he (Munnick) had already bored shafts in eight.

"Well informed foreigners in Pretoria," says the correspondent, "now consider the mines safe, as wiser counsel prevalls.

prevails.

"State Engineer Klinke declined to resume his duties until the dynamite was removed and the government agreed to his demand."

Iowa Republicans Indorse McKinley

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.) Des Moines, Iowa, May 10.-The Iowa Republican Convention adopted a platform instructing delegates for McKinley, endorses his administration and Pretoria, May 9 - President Kruger has received a telegram from a burghers a sking if the time has not arrived for the formation of a corps of women, adding that she is prepared, recommends a proper control of such

BURGHERS HOLD PEACE MEETING.

London, May 11—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Welgelegen, dated Wednesday, says:

"The burghers held a meeting recently, without the consent of President of President Agricultus and the contested of the Patterson's appearance provoked proceeding without the consent of President Agricultus and the contested of the present House.

London, May 11—A dispatch to the Patterson, of Colorado, for permanent Both the contestant and the contested had their innings on the floor to-day, and Mr. Linney, of North Carolina, wound up the debate with a characteristic speech. The vates were very cently, without the consent of President Agricultus and the contestant an

longed applause.

Mr. Patterson briefly shetched the history of the Populist party.

The speaker gave a short history of the financial legislation of Congress during the last administration of President Cleveland and that of President Cleveland and that of President Ckinley.

Mr. Patterson said the People's Party did not surrender its rights when it nominated Bryan in 1896. "We never could have nominated any other man," he said.

PRY 13.

BRYAN A WINNER.

He predicted a sweeping triumph for Mr. Bryan in November.
After the reports on rules and order of business had been presented a recess was taken to await the committee on platforms report. A conference of chairmen of state delegations followed to discuss the vice-presidential question. re- CRAWFORD DEFENDS HIS RIGHT.

chairmen of state delegations followed to discuss the vice-presidential question.

Chairman Patterson argued against "repeating the mistakes of four years ago." Senator Marion Butler strongly advocated a nomination as essential to the welfare of the party. A compromise proposition was submitted by George F. Washburn, of Massachusetts, who advocated the naming of several men to be presented to the Democratic National Convention, any of whom would be acceptable to the Populists.

At 3:10 o'clock this afternoon the platform committee report arrived. It

Continued on Page 6.

Mr. Pearson was followed by Mr. Crawford, the sitting member, who defended his right to the seat in an hour'

wore absent and unpaired, and on the second 12 were absent and unpaired. When the debate opened Mr. Penrson was given fifty minutes' time in which to address the House in his own behalf.

Mr. Pearson had a large chart creeted in the area in front of the Speaker's

ed in the area in front of the Speaker chair, which, he claimed, illustrate the manner in which the black vote i his district had been suppressed.

cock.
le voted for Cleveland twice," said
Crawford, "and supported me